## THE WAY TO WEALTH

Benjamin Franklin



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The Way to Wealth was first pub- ABOUT lished in 1758 as a preface to Ben-jamin Franklin's *Poor Richard's* Wealth Almanack. In this preface, Franklin summed up all of his previously published thoughts about how to achieve success in business. For this purpose, Franklin created Father Abraham, who liberally quotes from Poor Richard to a crowd waiting for an auction to begin. The essay has become one of the most important and enduring business books ever published. It has been printed and reprinted almost 400 times and has been translated into almost every language. We are delighted to present it here, still as true today as when it was first printed. 🐿

## COURTEOUS READER.

▼ HAVE heard, that nothing gives an author so great pleasure, as to find his works respectfully quoted by others. Judge, then, how much I must have been gratified by an incident I am going to relate to you. I stopped my horse, lately, where a great number of people were collected at an auction of merchant's goods. The hour of the sale not being come, they were conversing on the badness of the times; and one of the company called to a plain, clean, old man, with white locks, "pray, father Abraham, what think you of the times? Will not those heavy taxes quite ruin the

Poor Richard stobs at an auction

An elder named

Father Abraham is asked by the crowd to speak on taxes

Father Abraham stands up and begins quoting Poor Richard

country? How shall we ever be able to pay them? What would you advise us to do?"-Father Abraham stood up, and replied, "If you would have my advice, I will give it you in short; 'for a word to the wise is enough, as Poor Richard says." They joined in desiring him to speak his mind, and gathering round him, he proceeded as follows: "Friends,' says he, 'the taxes are, indeed, very heavy; and, if those laid on by the government were the only ones we had to pay, we might more easily discharge them; but we have many others, and much more grievous to some of us. We are taxed twice as much by our idleness, three times as much by our pride, and four times as much by our folly; and from these taxes the commissioners can-

not ease or deliver us, by allowing an abatement. However, let us hearken to good advice and something may be done for us; 'God God helps those helps them that helps themselves, who help as Poor Richard says.

I "It would be thought a hard INDUSTRY government that should tax its people one tenth part of their time, to be employed in its service: But idleness taxes many of us much more; sloth, by bringing on diseases, absolutely shortens life. 'Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labour wears, while the used key is always bright, as Poor Richard says .- But dost thou love life, If you love life, then do not squander time, for that then do not is the stuff life is made of, as Poor for that is the Richard says.-How much more stuff life is than is necessary do we spend in

squander time,

We are taxed twice as much by our idleness. three times as much by our pride, and four times as much

by our folly

he sleeping fox catches no poultry

sleep! forgetting that 'The sleeping fox catches no poultry, and that there will be sleeping enough in the grave, as Poor Richard says. "'If time be of all things the most precious, wasting time must be, as Poor Richard says, 'the greatest prodigality'; since, as he else-Lost time is where tells us, 'Lost time is never never found found again; and what we call time again enough always proves little enough': Let us then up and be doing, and doing to the purpose: So by diligence shall we do more with less perplexity. 'Sloth makes all things difficult, but industry all He who rises easy; and, he that riseth late, must late must trot trot all day, and shall scarce overall day take his business at night; while Laziness travels so slowly, that Poverty soon overtakes him. Drive thy business, let not that drive thee;

and early to bed, and early to rise, makes a man healthy, wealthy, and wise, as Poor Richard says. 🐿 "So what signifies wishing and hoping for better times? We may make these times better, if we bestir ourselves. Industry need not wish, and he who lives upon hope will die fasting. There are no gains without There are no pains; then help hands, for I have gains without no lands, or, if I have, they are smartly taxed. 'He that hath a trade, hath an estate; and he that hath a calling, hath an office of profit and honour, as Poor Richard says; but then the trade must be worked at, and the calling well followed, or neither the estate nor the office will enable us to pay our taxes.-If we are industrious we shall never starve; for, 'at the working man's house hunger looks in,

Early to bed and early to rise, makes a man healthy. wealthy, and

At the working man's house, hunger looks in. but dares not

increases them

Plough deep. sleep, and you to sell and keep

Never leave till tomorrow what you can do

but dares not enter. Nor will the bailiff or the constable enter, for Industry pays 'Industry pays debts, while despair debts, while increaseth them.' What though you have found no treasure, nor has any rich relation left you a legacy, 'Diligence is the mother of good luck, and God gives all things to industry. Then plough deep, while while sluggards sluggards sleep, and you shall have shall have corn to sell and keep.' Work while it is called today, for you know not how much you may be hindered tomorrow. 'One today is worth two tomorrows, as Poor Richard says; and farther, 'Never leave that till tomorrow, which you can do today.'-If you were a servant, would you not be ashamed that a good master should catch you idle? Are you then your own master? Be ashamed to catch yourself idle

when there is so much to be done for yourself, your family, your country, and your king. Handle your tools without mittens: Remember, that 'The cat in gloves The cat in catches no mice, as Poor Richard gloves catches says. It is true, there is much to be done, and perhaps, you are weak handed; but stick to it steadily, and you will see great effects; for 'Constant dropping wears away stones; and by diligence and patience the mouse ate in two the cable; and little strokes fell great oaks? Little strokes "Methinks I hear some of you say, fell great oaks 'Must a man afford himself no leisure?' I will tell thee, my friend, what Poor Richard says; 'Employ thy time well, if thou meanest to Since you are gain leisure; and, since thou are not minute, do not sure of a minute, do not sure of a minute, throw not away throw away an an hour.' Leisure is the time for hour

A life of leisure laziness are two

doing something useful; this leisure the diligent man will obtain, but the lazy man never; for, 'A life of and a life of leisure and a life of laziness are two different things things. Many, without labour, would live by their wits only, but they break for want of stock;' whereas industry gives comfort, and plenty, and respect. 'Fly pleasures, and they will follow you. The diligent spinner has a large shift; and now I have a sheep and a cow every body bids me good morrow.'

CARE II "But with our industry we must likewise be steady, settled, and careful, and oversee our own affairs with our own eyes, and not trust too much to others; for, as Poor Richard says,

> 'I never saw an oft removed tree. Nor yet and oft removed family, That throve so well as those that settled be'

"And again, Three removes are as bad as a fire:' And again, 'Keep thy Keep your shop shop, and thy shop will keep thee:' and your shop And again, 'If you would have your business done, go; if not, send.' And again,

'He that by the plough would thrive, Himself must either hold or drive.

"And again, 'The eye of the master The eye of the will do more work than both his hands:' And again, 'Want of care both his hands does more damage than want of knowledge:' And again, 'Not to oversee workmen is to leave them your purse open.' Trusting too much to other's care is the ruin of many; for, 'In the affairs of this world, men are saved, not by faith, but by the want of it:' But a man's If you want a own care is profitable; for, 'If you would have a faithful servant and one that you like-serve yourself.

faithful servant, and one that you like - serve yourself

A little neglect may breed great mischief; for want of a nail the shoe was lost; for want of a shoe the horse was lost: and for want of a horse the rider was lost,' being overtaken and slain by the enemy; all for want of a little care about a horse shoe nail

FRUGALITY III "So much for industry, my friends, and attention to one's own business; but to these we must add frugality, if we would make our industry more certainly successful. A man may, if he knows not how to save as he gets, 'keep his nose all his life to the grindstone, and die A fat kitchen not worth a groat at last. A fat kitchen maketh a lean will;' and

makes a lean

'Many estates are spent in the getting, Since women for tea forsook spinning and knitting,

And men for punch forsook hewing and splitting?

'If you would be wealthy, think of If you want to saving, as well as of getting. The be wealthy, think of saving Indies have not made Spain rich, as well as of because her outgoes are greater than her incomes? 2 "Away, then, with your expensive follies, and you will not have then so much reason to complain of hard times, heavy taxes, and chargeable families: for

'Women and wine, game and deceit, Make the wealth small, and the want great?

"And farther, 'What maintains one What maintains vice, would bring up two children.' one vice would bring up two You may think, perhaps, that a children little tea or a little punch now and then, diet a little more costly, clothes a little finer, and a little entertainment now and then, can Beware of little be no great matter; but remember, expenses; A 'Many a little makes a mickle' Beware of little expenses; 'A small leak ship

feasts, and wise men eat them

will sink a great ship, as Poor Richard says; and again, 'Who dainties love, shall beggars prove;' and moreover, 'Fools make feasts, and wise men eat them.' Here you are all got together at this sale of fineries, and knickknacks. You call them goods; but, if you do not take care, they will prove evils to some of you. You expect they will be sold cheap, and, perhaps, they may [be bought] for less than they cost; but, if you have no occasion for them, they must be dear to you. Remember what Poor Richard says, Buy what thou hast no need of, and ere long thou shalt sell thy necessaries.' And again, 'At a great penny worth pause a while:' He means, that perhaps the cheapest is apparent only, and not real; or the bargain, by straightening thee in

thy business, may do thee more harm than good. For in another place he says, 'Many have been ruined by buying good penny worths' Again, 'It is foolish to lay It is foolish to out money in a purchase of repentance;' and yet this folly is practised repentance every day at auctions, for want of minding the Almanack. Many a one, for the sake of finery on the back, have gone with a hungry belly, and half starved their families; 'Silks and satins, scarlets and Silks and satins velvets, put out the kitchen fire, as and scarlets and Poor Richard says. These are not the kitchen fire the necessaries of life; they can scarcely be called the conveniences: And yet only because they look pretty, how many want to have them?-By these, and other extravagancies, the genteel reduced to poverty, and forced to

lay out money in a purchase of

velvets put out

Buy what you do not need, and soon you will sell your necessities

on his legs is higher than a

borrow of those whom they formerly despised, but who, through industry and frugality, have maintained their standing; in which case A ploughman it appears plainly, that 'A ploughman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees,' as Poor his knees Richard says. Perhaps they have had a small estate left them, which they knew not the getting of; they think 'It is day, and never will be night;' that a little to be spent out of so much is not worth minding; but 'Always taking out of the meal tub, and never putting in, soon comes to the bottom, as Poor Richard says; and then, 'When the well is dry, they know the worth of water.' But this they might have know the value known before, if they had taken and try to this advice. 'If you would know the borrow some value of money, go and try to bor-

and never butting in, one soon comes to the bottom If you want to of money, go

Always taking

out of the pot,

row some; for he that goes a borrowing, goes a sorrowing, as Poor Richard says; and, indeed, so does he that lends to such people, when he goes to get it again. Poor Dick farther advises, and says,

'Fond pride of dress is sure a very curse, Ere fancy you consult, consult your purse.

"And again, 'Pride is as loud a beg- Pride is as loud gar as want, and a great deal more a beggar as saucy. When you have bought one fine thing, you must buy ten more, that your appearance may be all of a piece; but Poor Dick says, 'It is It is easier to easier to suppress the first desire, suppress the first desire, first desire than to satisfy all that follow it. to satisfy all And it is as truly folly for the poor to ape the rich, as for the frog to swell, in order to equal the ox.

that follow it

'Vessels large may venture more, But little boats should keep near shore.'

"It is, however, a folly soon pun-

Pride that dines on vanity sups on contembt

ished; for, as Poor Richard says, Pride that dines on vanity, sups on contempt; Pride breakfasted with Plenty, dined with Poverty, and supped with Infamy.' And, after all, of what use is this pride of appearance, for which so much is suffered? It cannot promote health, nor ease pain; it makes no increase of merit in the person, it creates envy, it hastens misfortune. We "But what madness it must be to run in debt for these superfluities? We are offered, by the terms of this sale, six months credit; and that, perhaps, has induced some of us to attend it, because we cannot spare the ready money, and hope now to be fine Think what you without it. But ah! think what you do when you run into debt; you give to another power over your

liberty. If you cannot pay on time, you will be ashamed to see your creditor; you will be in fear when you speak to him; you will make poor pitiful sneaking excuses, and by degrees, come to lose your veracity, and sink into base downright lying; for 'The second vice is The second vice lying the first is running in debt, as is lying, the first is running Poor Richard says; and again, to into debt the same purpose, 'Lying rides upon Debt's back:' Whereas a free born Englishman ought not to be ashamed nor afraid to see or speak to any man living. But poverty often deprives a man of all spirit and virtue. 'It is hard for an empty It is hard for bag to stand upright.' What would an empty bag to stand upright you think of that prince, or of that government, who should issue an edict forbidding you to dress like a gentleman or gentlewoman, on

do when you run into debt

pain of imprisonment or servitude? Would you not say you were free, have a right to dress as you please, and that such an edict would be a breach to your privileges, and such a government tyrannical? and vet you are about to put yourself under that tyranny, when you run in debt for such dress! Your creditor has authority, at his pleasure, to deprive you of your liberty, by confining you in gaol for life, or by selling you for a servant, if you should not be able to pay him. When you have got your bargain, you may, perhaps, think a little of payment; Creditors have but, as Poor Richard says, 'Creditors have better memories than debtors; creditors are a superstitious sect, great observers of set days and times.' The day comes round before you are aware, and

the demand is made before you are able to satisfy it; or, if you bear your debt in mind, the term which at first seemed so long, will, as it lessens, appear extremely short: Time will seem to have added wings to his heels as well as his shoulders. Those have a short lent, Those have a who owe money to be paid at Easter.' At present, perhaps, you be paid by may think yourselves in thriving circumstances; and that you can bear a little extravagance without injury; but

short Lent, who owe money to

'For age and want save while you may, No morning sun lasts a whole day?

"Gain may be temporary and uncertain, but ever, while you live, expense is constant and certain; and, 'It is easier to build two chimnies, Rather go to bed than to keep one in fuel, as Poor supperless, than Richard says: So, 'Rather go to bed

rise in debt

better memories than debtors

supperless, than rise in debt Get what you can, and what you get hold, Tis the stone that will turn all your lead into gold?

"And when you have got the philosopher's stone, sure you will no longer complain of bad times, or the difficulty of paying taxes.

NOWLEDGE IV "This doctrine, my friends, is reason and wisdom: But, after all, do not depend too much upon your own industry and frugality, and prudence, though excellent things; for they may all be blasted without the blessing of heaven; and therefore, ask the blessing humbly, and be not uncharitable to those that at present seem to want it, but comfort and help them. Remember Job suffered and was afterwards prosperous. 2 "And now to conclude, 'Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn in no other, as Poor Richard says, and scarce in that; for it is true, 'We may give advice, but we cannot give conduct.' However, remember this, 'They that will not be coun- Those who selled, cannot be helped;' and far- will not be ther, that 'If you will not hear cannot be helped Reason, she will surely rap your knuckles, as Poor Richard says." Thus the old gentleman ended his harangue. The people heard it, and approved the doctrine, and immediately practiced the contrary, just as if it had been a common sermon; for the auction opened, and they began to buy extravagantly. I found the good man had thoroughly studied my Almanack, and digested all I had dropt on these topicks during the course of 25 years. The frequent mention

Experience

keeps an expensive school, but fools will learn in no other Poor Richard, upon hearing his own words choed by Father Abraham, resolves to wear his old coat a little longer

he made of me must have tired any one else; but my vanity was wonderfully delighted with it, though I was conscious, that not a tenth part of the wisdom was my own, which he ascribed to me; but rather the gleanings that I had made of the sense of all ages and nations. However, I resolved to be the better for the echo of it; and though I had at first determined to buy stuff for a new coat, I went away, resolved to wear my old one a little longer. Reader, if thou wilt do the same, thy profit will be as great as mine. I am, as ever, thine to serve thee.

## RICHARD SAUNDERS



